



The asset manager for a changing world

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SECTION 1 WHY EQUITIES?





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MACRO VIEW

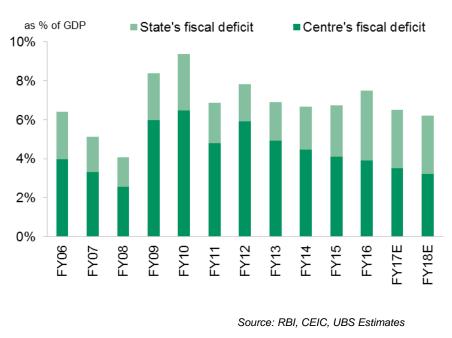


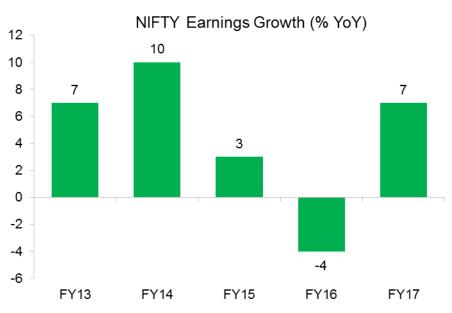


2014-2017: Good Macro but weak Micro

Centre and State Fiscal Deficit (% of GDP)

Elusive Earnings Recovery



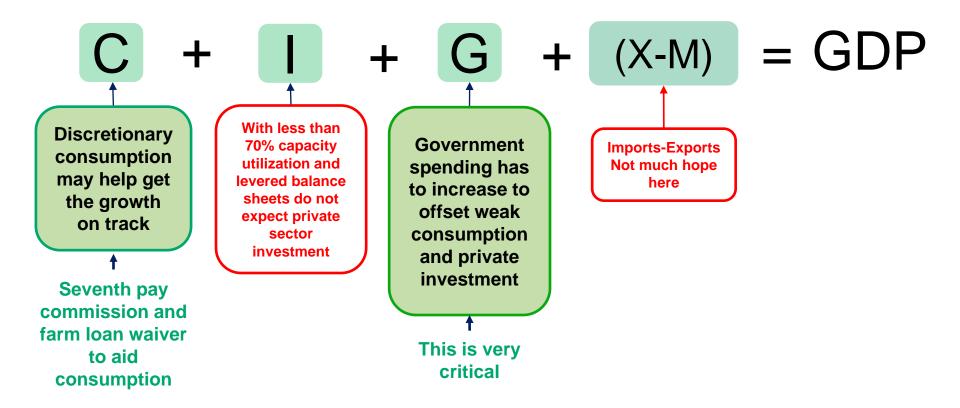


Source: Company Data, CLSA



The Way Forward

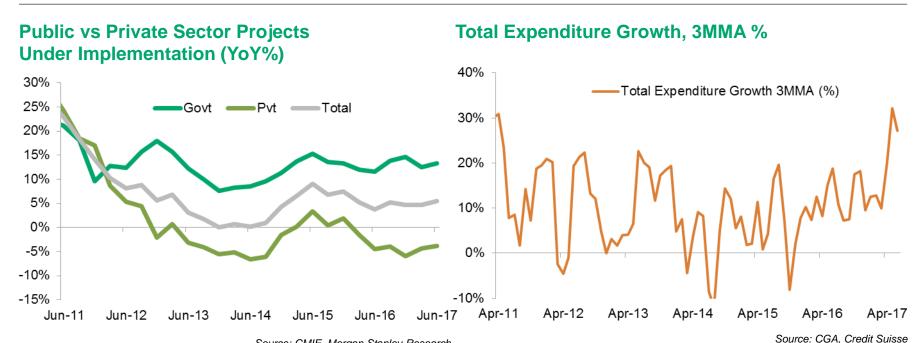
The GDP constituents are changing now



Source: Internal Research, BNPP AMC



Government to Lead Capex and Consumption



Source: CMIE, Morgan Stanley Research

\$40bn

Farm loan waiver likely to be staggered over two to three years.

\$15bn

Seventh Pay Commission Estimate for Central Govt. employees for F2017

Source: Farm Loan waiver - UBS Estimates, Seventh Pay Commission, Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research. June 2016



2017-2020: Good Micro but weak Macro?

2014-2017

Benign commodity prices led to softer inflation, helped EBITDA margins but earnings recovery remained elusive.

Macro Positive

Micro Negative

2017-2020

Policy push in terms of Farm loan waiver, housing interest rate subsidy and Seventh Pay Commission will put pressure on government finances but would boost consumption, infra spends and drive earnings growth.

Macro
Negative
(State + Centre)

Micro Positive

Source: Internal Research, BNPP AMC



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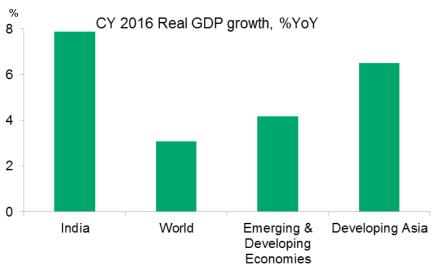
STRUCTURAL OPPORTUNITIES



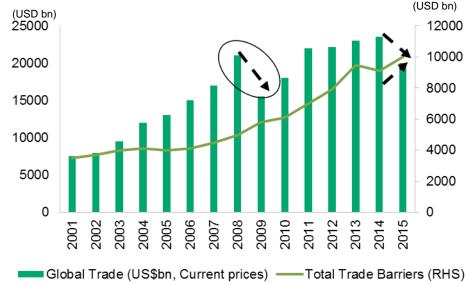


Domestic vs Exports

India's Real GDP Vs Other Economies



Global Trade and Barriers



Source: Haver, UBS Source: WTO

- Due to rising protectionism and trade barriers we think exports oriented sectors likely to have headwinds on growth and earnings
- Sectors which will cater to domestic side of economy may benefit from economic recovery led by consumption and infrastructure

The sector(s) mentioned in this document do not constitute any recommendation of the same and BNP Paribas Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in these sector(s).



Structural Opportunities to Drive 'Portfolios'

Financialisation

Move from Physical to Financial Savings

Formalisation

Move from Unorganised to Organised

Farm Income

Doubling of Farm Income by 2022

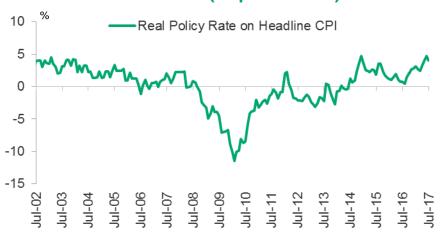
Fiscal Spending

Government to Lead Expenditure



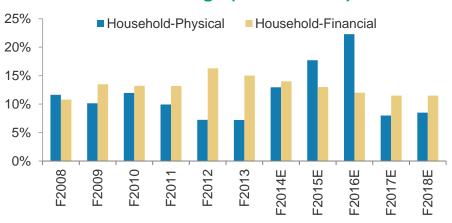
Financialisation of Savings

Positive Real Rates % (Deposit - CPI)



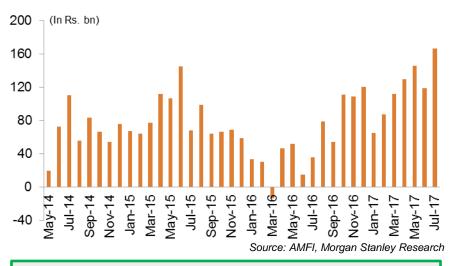
Source: SBI, RBI, Morgan Stanley Research

Rise in Financial Savings (as % of GDP)



Source: RBI, Morgan Stanley Research Estimates on old base

Domestic MF Equity Flows (INR bn)

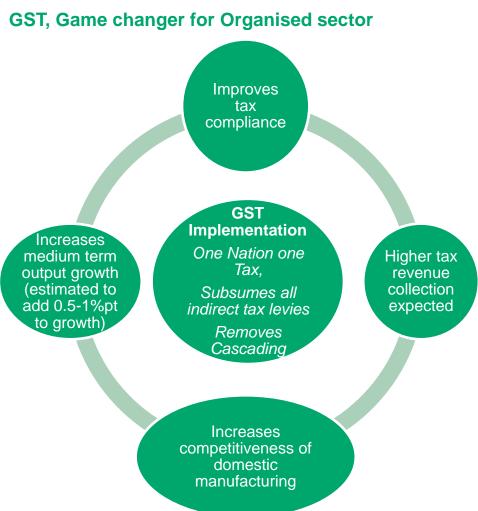


- Positive real interest rates augur well for financial savings
- We have already started to see a move away from physical assets into financial assets
- Positive for Private Retail Banks, Stock Exchanges and Insurance Companies

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Formalisation of Economy



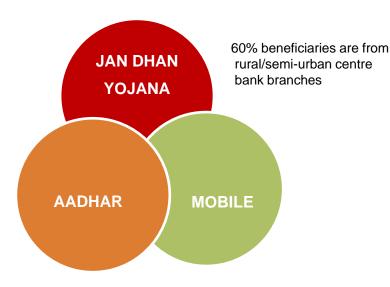
- GST a structural positive for making the economy more formal
- Crackdown on black money
 - Mandatory declaration of PAN for gold transactions above Rs. 200,000
 - Mandatory to update Aadhar with bank account from Jan 2018
 - Income declaration schemes
- Implementing RERA and Benami Transactions Act
- Formalisation will help select industries to gain market share. We believe organised players in Paints, Tiles, Pipes, Adhesives, Plywood and Light electrical goods could benefit.
- Adverse for real estate, gold and non tax compliant sectors

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Farm Income

JAM Trinity to Reduce Leakages

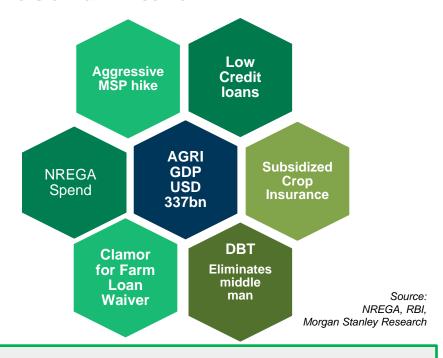


Total Direct Benefit Transferred (Cumulative) INR 2.18 Lakh Crore (Aug 2017)¹

Source: 1https://dbtbharat.gov.in/

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Drivers of Farm Income



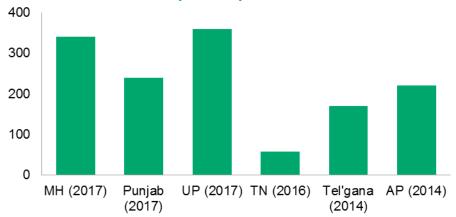
- Government efforts to double farm income
- Policies to reduce volatility through direct benefit schemes, crop insurance.
- We believe these concerted efforts will boost rural consumption and benefit sectors like Autos, Staples and Discretionary



Fiscal Spending to Rise

Revenue Expenditure	Capital Expenditure	
Seventh Pay Commission, Interest rate Subsidy and Farm loan waivers	Road, Rail and Ports	
Aggressive MSP hikes	Defence spends	
Public health spend	Capex through PSUs	

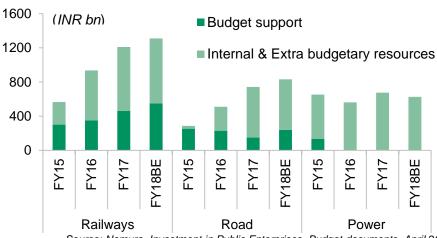
Farm Loan Waiver (Rs. bn)



Source: RBI, Media Reports, UBS

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Govt. capex led by Roads and Railways



Source: Nomura, Investment in Public Enterprises, Budget documents, April 2017

- Government's push to build Road, Railways and Ports will drive infrastructure cycle in absence of private capex
- We expect seventh pay commission, interest rate subsidy on housing loan, farm loan waivers will help boost consumption
- We expect select infra companies, consumer facing companies and affordable housing segment to benefit from this drive



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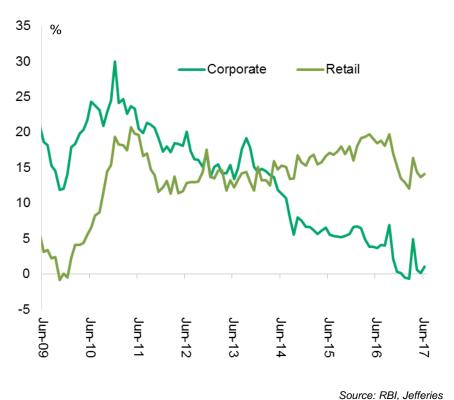
WHERE IS THE EARNINGS GROWTH?



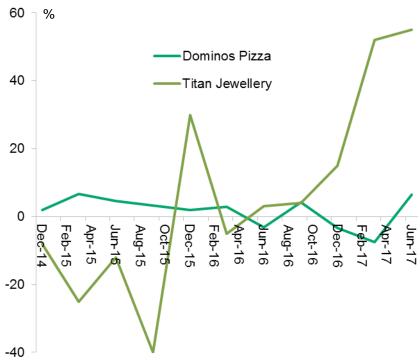


Not all will Ride the Tide!

Retail vs Corporate Loan Growth (%)



Same Stores Sales Growth (%)

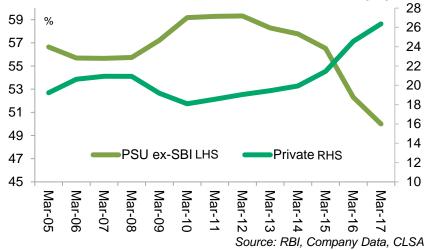


Source: Jefferies

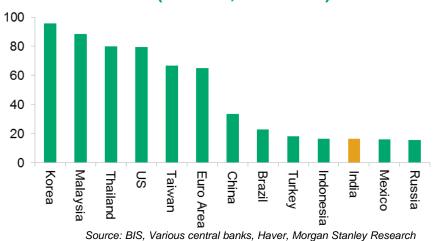


Banks and NBFCs.....Retail Focused

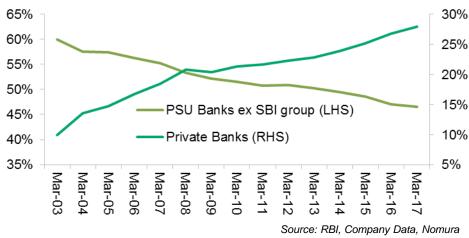
Private vs PSU Bank Loan Market Share (%)



Household Debt (CY2016, % of GDP)



Private vs PSU Banks – CASA Growth (yoy%)



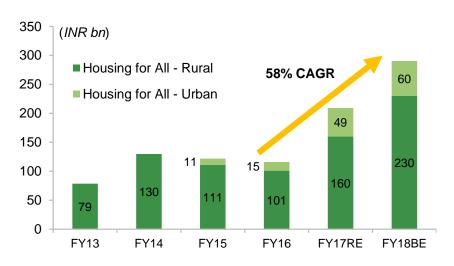
- The asset quality issue with public sector banks will be an over hang on the banking sector but we think private banks with strong retail franchise will stand out.
- We believe the retail participation in Indian capital markets likely to rise in coming years benefitting the stock exchanges and other allied financial institutions like asset and wealth management
- Similarly low penetration of Life Insurance product remains an opportunity for insurance companies.

 (Source: Morgan Stanley Research)



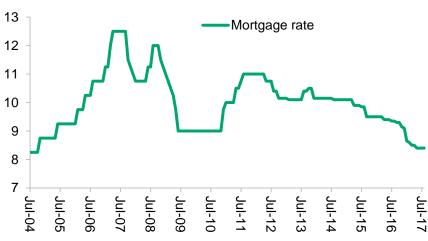
Affordable Housing

Central Government Budget Allocation



Source: Budget documents, CLSA, March 2017. RE- Revised estimates; BE-Budget estimates

Low Mortgage Rates



Source: RBI, CLSA

 Low mortgage rates, increased affordability in small ticket size segment, interest rate subsidy and rise in budgetary allocation by the government has provided a boost to the sector



Select Consumption

Travel, Leisure & Entertainment





Retail





Images are used only for representational purpose.



Infrastructure Play

FY13

Roads Awarded for Construction (kms) 18,000 (Kms) 15,000 9,000 6,000 3,000

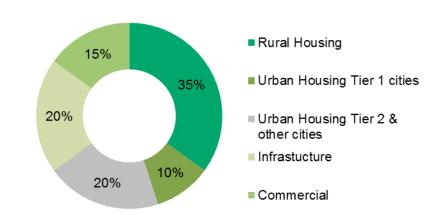
Source: NHAI and MORTH. Jefferies Data as of Mar 2017

FY16

FY17

FY15

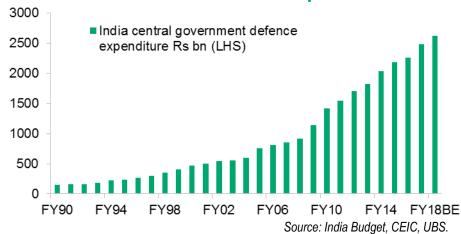
Drivers of Cement Demand



Source: CLSA, Estimates, 2017

Central Government's Defence Expenditure

FY14

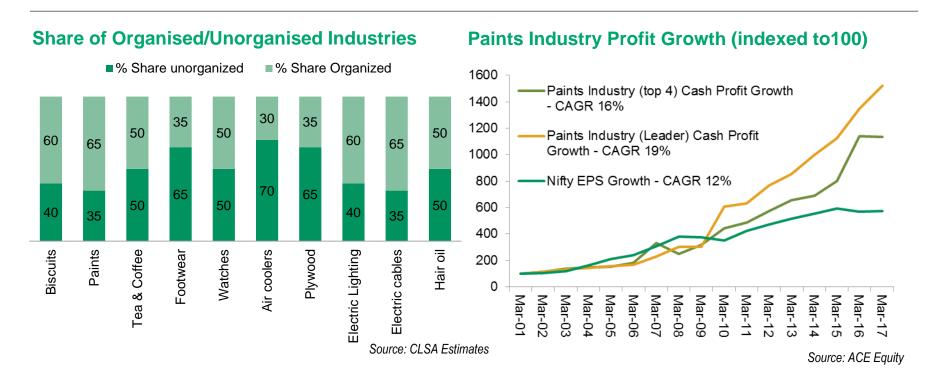


- Government to play a key role in supporting infrastructure growth through building roads, railway network, defense expenditure and affordable housing
- All this augurs well for cement demand and defense sector oriented engineering companies

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GST, Game changer for Organised sector



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'Pollution' Awareness

Beijing orders factories to cut output or shut down to tackle urban pollution crisis



Source: The Telegraph, Dec 17, 2016

- In order to check rising environmental pollution, Chinese government is cracking down on excess production in energy intensive sectors
- Move has hampered exports in industries like chemicals, steel, aluminum and coal
- Move will benefit Indian companies as they regain competitive advantage in the global markets

New Delhi is the most polluted city on Earth right now

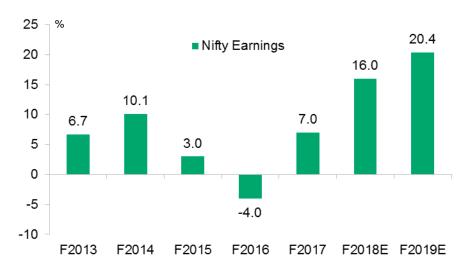


- The central government is keen to encourage the use of cleaner fuels in transportation and households
- Regulations include fast tracking the production of BS-VI compliant fuels and imposition of clean energy cess on coal
- All this augurs well for natural gas and cleaner fuel technology companies



Equity Outlook

Nifty EPS growth is expected to pick up in FY2018-19



Source: Consensus Estimate, Bloomberg

Nifty trading at **16.18x**FY19E EPS¹

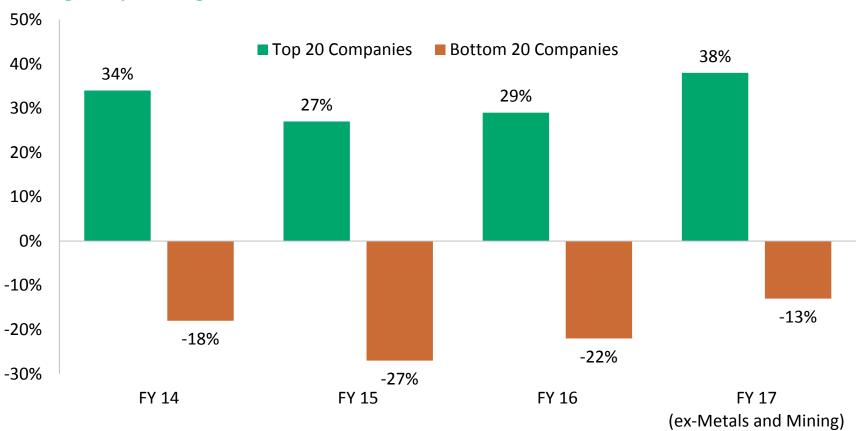
Source: ¹Bloomberg

- Time to focus on MICRO now.....while MACRO might deteriorate
- The earnings outlook likely to have tailwinds
 - Fiscal stimulus
 - Moderately rising inflation
 - Financialisation of economy
 - GST
 - Infrastructure push
- Earnings outlook to improve FY18 onwards, but improvement will be more significant for select few !!



Earnings Dispersion

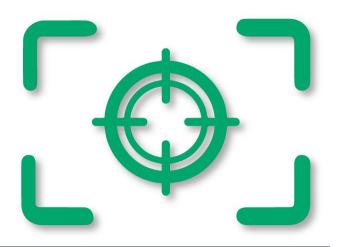
Average Nifty Earnings Growth



Source:, Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Securities Top and Bottom 20 companies are sorted on average earnings growth.

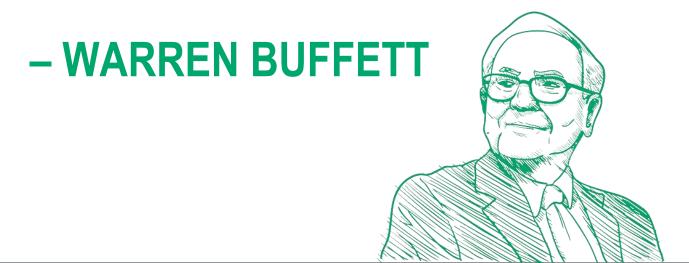


SECTION 2 WHY FOCUS FUND?



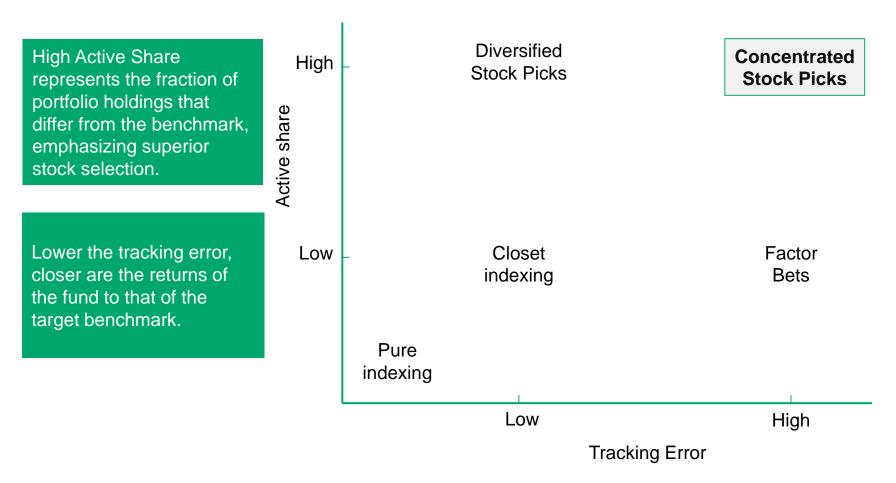


"WIDE DIVERSIFICATION IS ONLY REQUIRED WHEN INVESTORS DO NOT UNDERSTAND WHAT THEY ARE DOING."





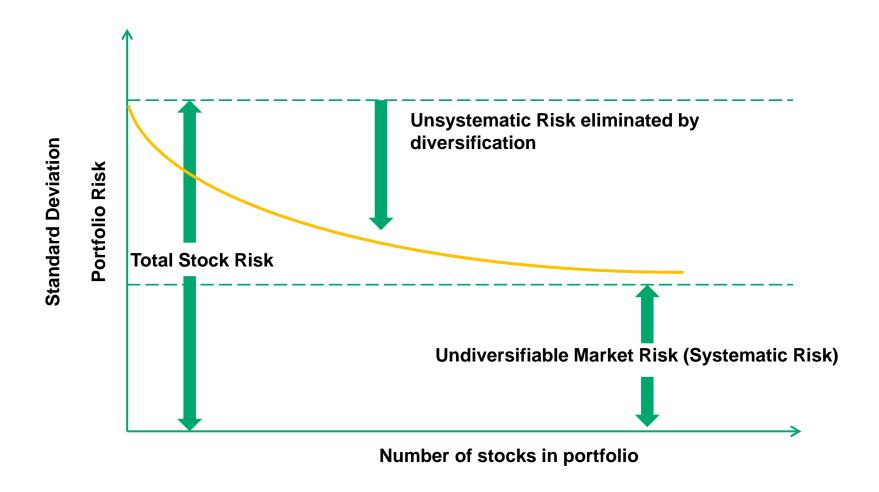
Concentration vs Other Strategies



Source: K. J. Martijn Cremers, Antti Petajistoy (March 31, 2009). How Active Is Your Fund Manager? A New Measure That Predicts Performance. Yale School of Management



Risk Return Profile



Source: An Introduction To Risk And Return Concepts And Evidence by Franco Modigliani and Gerald A. Pogue 646-73 March 1973



Conviction Generates Alpha

Concentrated Portfolios Outperform the Diversified Portfolios (Quarterly data from 1999-2009)

Portfolios	Mean Total Returns (annualised)	Standard Deviation (annualised)	Sharpe Ratio
Top 10	9.4%	23.4%	0.26
Top 20	8.1%	20.7%	0.23
Top 25	7.8%	19.8%	0.22
Top 30	7.4%	19.1%	0.21
Own Index	5.1%	20.0%	0.08

Source: Danny Yeung. (2012) Diversification versus Concentration . . . and the Winner is?

Past performance including any past scenarios may not reflect future performance.

Own Index is Benchmark of the equity funds used in the study.

- The study was done over 4,700 diversified US equity mutual funds with different styles, asset levels, and client bases.
- They created concentrated portfolios by measuring the active weights of each diversified mutual fund, and then sorting the active weights from largest to smallest.
- The concentrated portfolios ranged from ten stocks (top 10 active weights) to 30 stocks (top 30 active weights) and the position sizes were then equal and conviction weighted i.e. more weight was attributed to larger active weights.



Why Focused strategy?

- Market earnings growth have been lackluster for last three years and valuations have been richer
- We believe only those sectors and companies will outperform which will be driven by fundamentals
- Select sector leaders and stocks that are at the cusp of turnaround will outperform and help alpha creation
- Alpha generation opportunity likely to rise in concentrated portfolio

Alpha = Conviction X Size of Bet



SECTION 3

PRESENTING

BNP Paribas



AN OPEN ENDED EQUITY SCHEME



Salient Fund Features

- High conviction portfolio of maximum 25 companies having "superior and sustainable" earnings growth
- Sector agnostic, with endeavour to add the highest earning growth companies that the given economic environment presents
- Pure bottom-up stock picking approach mostly focusing on companies with proven market leadership, expected to benefit from the structural opportunities posed by the domestic side of economy led by <u>Financialisation, Formalisation, Farm</u> <u>Income and Fiscal Spending</u>
- Multicap portfolio, of which minimum 65% will be large capitalization¹ companies and up to 35% in high conviction, fast growing small and mid sized companies
- A blend of value and growth companies played around high conviction themes

¹65% of equity net assets will be companies among Nifty 100 by market Capitalization Please refer to Scheme Information Document for further details on Asset allocation and Investment Pattern of the Scheme available on our website (www.bnpparibasmf.in)



Why Us?



Time tested investment philosophy and process

- Business, Management and Valuation model



Experienced and stable investment team, with deep sectoral expertise -

in excess of 125 years of cumulative experience

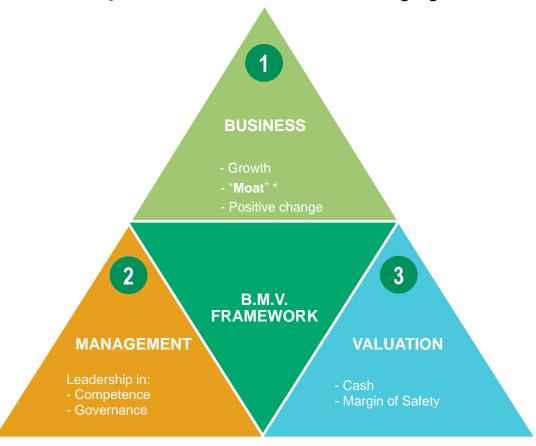


Expertise of identifying multi baggers -

Across market caps

Core Belief: Companies create wealth, not markets

In search of companies with superior and sustainable earnings growth



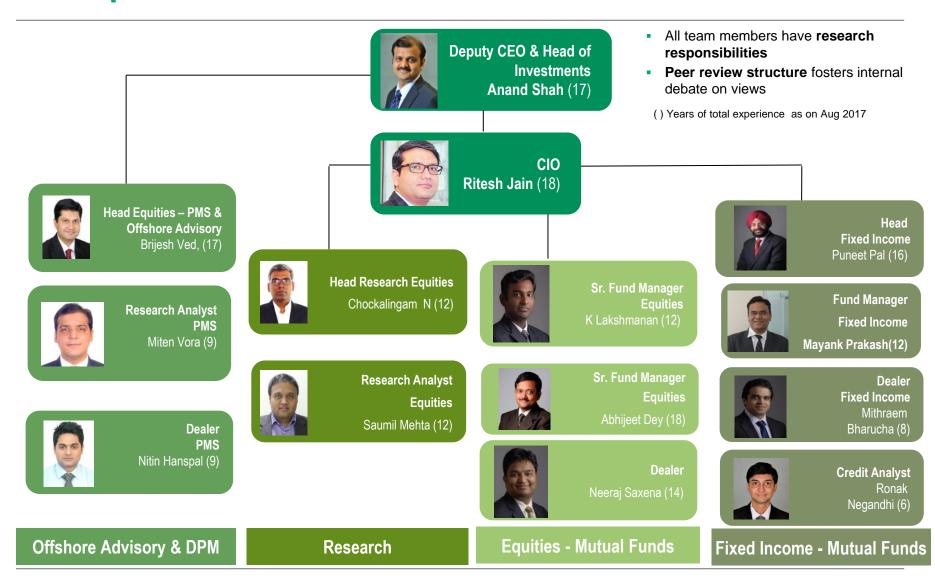
Identify superior businesses, with strong management, at reasonable valuations

B.M.V.: Business, Management, Valuation. Source: BNPP AM, August 2017



^{*} A sustainable competitive advantage

An Experienced and Stable Team – BNPP AMC





Research Coverage of Team Members

Peer review structure ('sparring partner') fosters internal debate on views

AUTO



Abhijeet Dey Chockalingam Narayanan

IT

Brijesh Ved

Narayanan

Chockalingam

AUTO ANCILLARY



Miten Vora Abhijeet Dey/ Briiesh Ved

MEDIA

Brijesh Ved

Lakshmanan/

Saumil Mehta

Karthikraj

AVIATION & HOTELS (LEISURE)



Chockalingam Narayanan Saumil Mehta



METALS &

Saumil Mehta Abhijeet Dey

BANKING/ NBFCs*



Karthikraj Lakshmanan Anand Shah/ Brijesh Ved

OIL & GAS



Miten Vora Chockalingam Narayanan

CAPITAL GOODS



Chockalingam Narayanan Abhijeet Dey

PHARMA



Brijesh Ved Chockalingam Narayanan

CEMENT

CONSTRUCTION



Abhijeet Dey Saumil Mehta

Chockalingam Narayanan Abhijeet Dey

(incl. Paints) & RETAIL

FMCG**



Chockalingam Narayanan Karthikrai Lakshmanan

TEXTILES



Abhijeet Dey Miten Vora

POWER/ **TELECOM UTILITIES**



Chockalingam Narayanan Abhiieet Dev/ Saumil Mehta



Anand Shah Chockalingam Narayanan

Lead coverage Peer review

* NBFCs: Non-banking financial companies; ** FMCG: Fast-moving consumer goods.

Bottom-up research is a key part of our process



Fund Details

Investment Objective	The Scheme seeks to generate long-term capital growth by investing in a concentrated portfolio of equity & equity related instruments of up to 25 companies and the balance in debt securities & money market instruments. However, there can be no assurance that the investment objectives of the Scheme will be realized. The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns.		
Asset Allocation	Equity and Equity related securities, (which are not exceeding 25 companies) of which minimum 65% of equity net assets will be companies among Nifty 100 by market Capitalization: 65-100% Debt and Money Market instruments: 0-35%		
NFO Dates	NFO Opens: September 15, 2017 NFO Closes: September 29, 2017. Re-Opens: Within 5 business days from date of allotment		
Fund Manager	Mr. Abhijeet Dey and Mr. Karthikraj Lakshmanan		
Minimum Application Amount (During NFO and ongoing offer)	Lumpsum investment: Rs. 5000 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter. SIP: Rs. 500 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter.		
Benchmark	Nifty 100		
Plans & Options	Regular Plan and Direct Plan along with Growth and Dividend Option respectively The above dividend option shall have dividend payout and dividend reinvestment facilities. There shall be a single portfolio under the scheme.		
Load	Entry Load: Nil Exit Load: a) If units of the Scheme are redeemed or switched out up to 10% of the units (the limit) within 12 months from the date of allotment – Nil: b) If units of the scheme are redeemed or switched out in excess of the limit within 12 months from the date of allotment - 1% of the applicable NAV c) If units of scheme are redeemed or switched out after 12 months from the date of allotment - Nil.		

For Product Label and Riskometer of the Scheme please refer next slide



Risk Factors

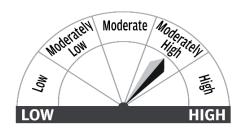
Risk Factors: The risks associated with investments in equities include fluctuations in prices, as stock markets can be volatile and decline in response to political, regulatory, economic, market and stock-specific development etc. The Scheme may pursue only a limited degree of diversification as it may invest in a limited number of equity and equity related securities or invest a greater proportion of assets in the securities of very few issuers (within the limits permitted by regulation) or be concentrated on a few market sectors. The Scheme is also expected to have higher market liquidity risk on account of concentration. This could have implications on the performance of the Scheme.

Further, to the extent the scheme invests in fixed income securities, the Scheme shall be subject to various risks associated with investments in Fixed Income Securities such as Credit and Counterparty risk, Liquidity risk, Market risk, Interest Rate risk & Re-investment risk etc., Further, the Scheme may use various permitted derivative instruments and techniques which may increase the volatility of scheme's performance. Also, the risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Please refer to Scheme Information Document available on our website (www.bnpparibasmf.in) for detailed Risk Factors, assets allocation, investment strategy etc.

BNP Paribas Focused 25 Equity Fund, an open ended equity scheme, is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- Wealth creation in long term.
- Investment primarily in equity and equity-related securities of up to 25 companies and the rest in debt securities & money market instruments.

Riskometer for the Scheme



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.



Disclaimers

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MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET RISKS, READ ALL SCHEME RELATED DOCUMENTS CAREFULLY.



